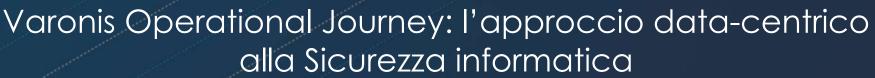


Fighting a different battle than conventional cybersecurity companies





Security Summit Roma, 5 Giugno 2019



About Varonis

- Started operations in 2005
 - VRNS on Nasdaq
- More than 6,000
- Data-centric security software
- Built by world-class cyber security experts (not through acquisitions)













Varonis works across the whole organization. It works with our infrastructure, our Active Directory, it works with all the hardware and software we have.



-- Wade Sendall, VP of IT, The Boston Globe

For many data stores...













SharePoint



Exchange



NAS



Вох



Many questions

Is my data at risk?



- Is my data exposed?
- Who can access it?
- Who does access it?
- Who does it belong to?

Am I compliant?



- Where is my regulated data?
- Should I delete it?
- Can I prove compliance?

Can I detect a breach?



- Is anyone stealing it?
- From which devices and locations?
- Can I investigate quickly?



THREE USE CASES



DATA PROTECTION



COMPLIANCE





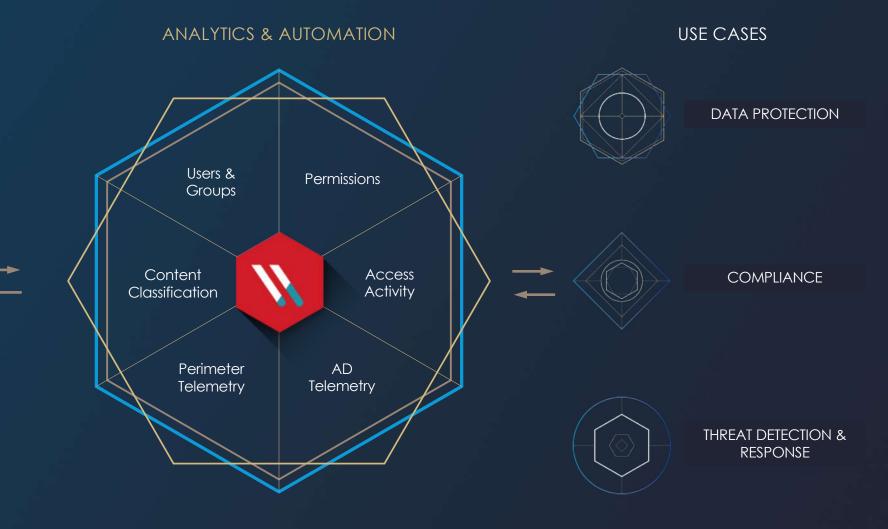
THREAT DETECTION & RESPONSE



Varonis Data Security Platform

ENTERPRISE DATA STORES AND **INFRASTRUCTURE**







Ecosystem



VARONIS DCAP

THREAT DETECTION & RESPONSE





GATEWAYS

VPN Email Gateway

Web Proxy

Public DNS

Next Gen Firewall



THREAT DETECTION & RESPONSE IDS/IPS DLP

SIEM ORCHESTRATION MGMT. THREAT HUNTING

ON-PREM

CLOUD



NETWORK INFRASTRUCTURE

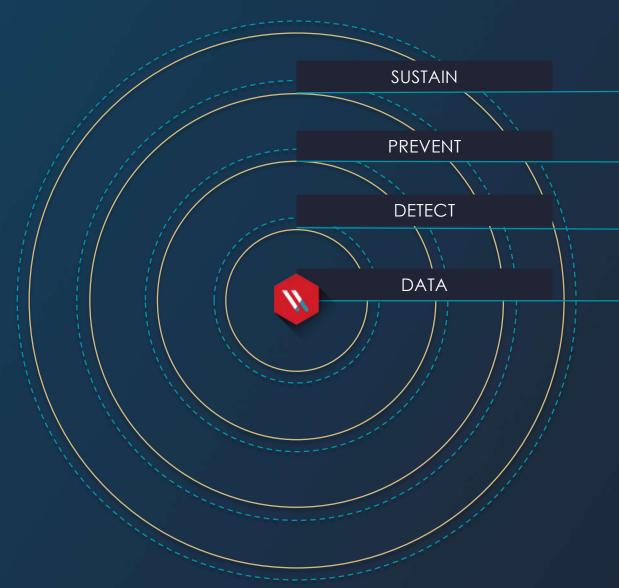
> IDS/IPS NAC







What if security started with data?



We'd efficiently sustain our secure state

Only the right people would have access

We'd monitor it for abuse

We'd know where our sensitive data lives



Operational Journey



DATA PROTECTION

1. OPERATIONALIZE

- Train
- Report
- Apply labels
- Index

2. FIX

- Eliminate issues
- Archive stale data
- Eliminate global access
- Quarantine sensitive data

3. TRANSFORM

- Simplify permissions
- Identify and assign owners

4. SUSTAIN

- Automate authorization
- Automate retention

RISK ASSESSMENT



- Deploy Varonis
- Discover privileged accounts
- Classify sensitive data
- Baseline activity
- Prioritize risk



COMPLIANCE

PCI, HIPAA, GDPR, SOX, ITAR, GLBA



1. INTEGRATE

- Confirming Privileged Account Discovery
- Enable alerts and methods
- Connect to SIEM
- Create Incident Response Plans

2. OPERATIONALIZE

- Tune alerts
- Automate response
- Test incident response plans







Deploy Varonis

- Map your environment
- Begin monitoring user/account/data behavior
- Start automated discovery/classification

JOURNEY BEGINS

- Can be accomplished quickly
- Requires: DA, DCF, DS

Prioritize and assess risks, identify sensitive data

- Prioritize scope by sensitivity, staleness,
- department criticality, etc.
- Review Incident Response Procedure,
- SOC capabilities and toolsets



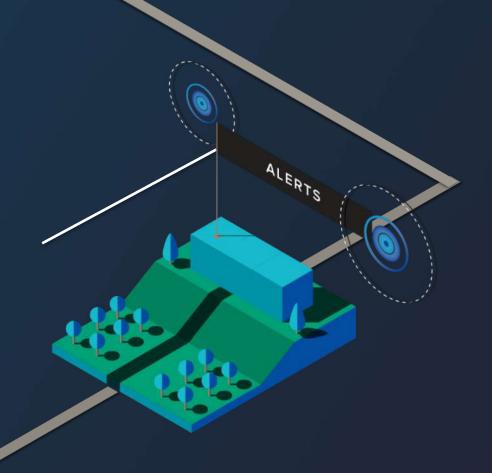
Steps

- Prioritize and create incident response plan for alerts, including automated responses
- Train staff on day to day management, including reports, permissions and AD management, finding lost files, etc.
- Identify known data owners demarcation points
- Identify known data retention and disposition policies

Benefits

- Incident response plans and automation reduce risk of data theft and loss
- Staff becomes more operationally efficient with day to day tasks

Requires: DA, DCF, DLS





Detect: Operationalize

VARONIS

Steps

- Fix inconsistent/broken ACL's
- Eliminate global access groups around sensitive data
- Eliminate remaining global access groups
- Address AD artifacts (empty, unused security groups, non-expiring passwords, etc.)
- Address retention/disposition by quarantining, archiving, and deleting stale data

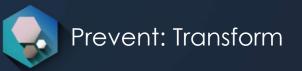
Benefits

- Significant risk reduction
- Defensible position with respect to compliance
- More efficient usage of storage
- Reduced complexity increases operational efficiency

Requires: DA, DCF, AE, DS









Steps

- Identify folders that need owners (demarcation points)
- Identify and confirm data owners
- Simplify permission structure (read/write), consistent inheritance
- Initiate entitlement reviews to prune residual access
- Prune residual unnecessary access

Benefits

- Dramatic increase in operational efficiencies
- Better service for end users (faster access to data)
- Reduced complexity and risk

Requires: DA





Benefits

Steps

- Implement authorization workflow via data owners
- Automate disposition, quarantining, permissions enforcement
- Automate periodic entitlement reviews

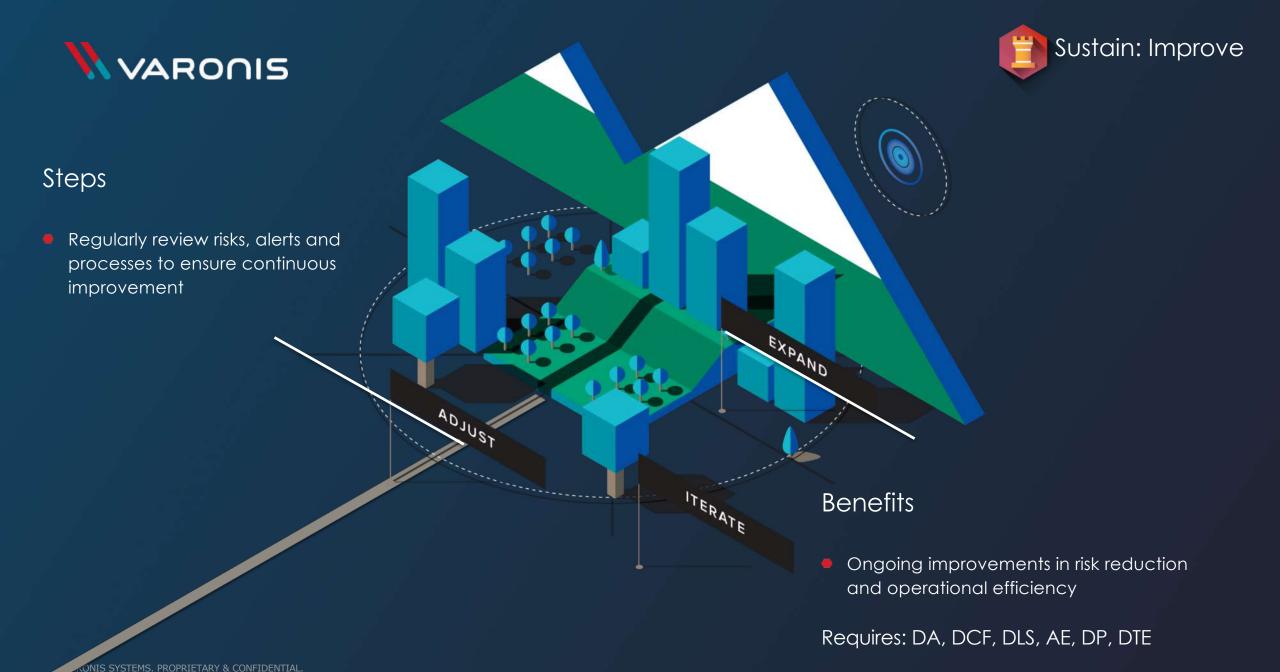
 Reduced risk as policy deviations are corrected automatically and least privilege model is maintained

Increased operational efficiency

 Evidence of process adherence for compliance

Requires: DP, DTE

REVIEWS



Journey of Value

















DETECT:
1. Prepare

Deploy Varonis

Prioritize and assess risks | DA, DCF

DETECT:

2. Operationalize

Create incident response plan based on alerts, including automation | DLS

Train staff on the basics - managing perms and finding lost files | DA

PREVENT: 3. Fix

Fix broken ACL's | DA, AE

Eliminate global access to sensitive data | DA, DCF, AE

Eliminate remaining global access groups | DA, AE

Eliminate unnecessary AD artifacts (unused security groups, non-expiring passwords, etc.) | DA

Quarantine/archive/delet e stale data | DA, DTE, DCF PREVENT:
4. Transformation

Identify folders that need owners | DA

Identify data owners | DA

Simplify permissions structure | DA

Initiate entitlement reviews to prune residual access | DA

SUSTAIN:
5. Automation

Implement authorization workflow via Data Owners

Perform periodic entitlement reviews | DA, DP SUSTAIN: 6. Improve

Regularly review risks, alerts and processes to ensure continuous improvement | DA, DP, DLS, DCF



Comprehensive Risk Assessment

- Valuable reports quantify risk and diagnose issues such as:
 - What kind of sensitive data do I have? (PCI, SOX, PII, etc.)
 - Where is sensitive data overexposed?
 - Who has access to what?
 - Where are users acting strangely or maliciously?
 - What's being used and what's not?

Key Findings: Global Access Groups

GLOBAL GROUP ACCESS:

Global groups allow everyone in an organization to access these folders. Global groups are groups such as Everyone, Domain Users, and Authenticated Users.

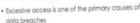
Overexposed data is a common security vulnerability.

If professionals estimate it takes about 6-2 hours per.

Toider to locate and manually remove global access groups. They must identify users that need access, create and apply new groups, and populate them

RISK SUMMARY: Low





- Overexposed sensitive and critical data is a significant security risk
- Outdated user permissions are a target for explaitation and malicious use

RECOMMENDED ACTIONS:

- Remove global access group permissions to identify folders open to global groups
- Place active users in a new group
- Replace the global access group with the new group on the ACL

66.5 million folders with global group access

74%

DISTRIBUTION OF GLOBAL GROUP ACCESS

• CIFS_FS_2 1

• CIFS_FS_4 20

• SP_FS_1 44%

• EXCH_FS_1 | 189

thorized

SENSITIVE FILES

GROUP ACCESS

WITH GLOBAL

thorized attempts to gain access to or modify assets often signal malware, insider threats, or rattacks

al user behavior (compared to their baselines) are potential account hijacking, data alian, and attempts at compromising data

val access to sensitive data suggests that data sk and prone to a security incident

MMENDED ACTIONS:

or user behavior and file activity

ct and alert on security violations, suspicious vior, and unusual activity

lah incident response plans and investigation esses to pursue potential security violations

Key Findings: User Activity

USER ACTIVITY

- 423,110 file opens
- 182,335 file modifications
- 65,120 file deletions
- 22,965 permission changes

750,000+

ents 950 events on sensitive data

Key Findings: KPIs

o. Of Sersitive Files With Open Access

339,213,456 Sensitive Files With Open Access

es That Contain Sensitive Data

59%

950,534,645 Files Contain Sensitive Data

User Accounts with Non-Expiring Passwords

1,182

User Accounts with Non-Expiring Passwords



Data Risk Report Findings

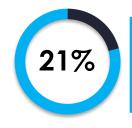
had at least 1,000 sensitive files opened to every employee



of folders contain stale data

have over 100,000 58% sensitive folders opened to every employee Statistics from over 130 organizations

of user accounts are enabled but inactive



of folders are opened to global group access



of companies have over 1,000 stale, sensitive files

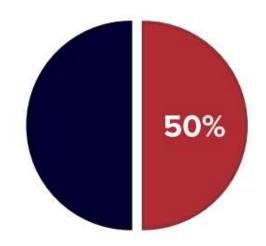
The 2018 Global Data Risk Report captures findings of Data Risk Assessments performed on 130 organizations—a representative sample from many industry segments and sizes.



Sensitive Data

- Where does my sensitive data live?
- How much of it is over-exposed?
- What kind of sensitive data do I have?
 (PCI, SOX, PII, etc.)





Distribution of sensitive files

CIFS_FS_2	13%
CIFS_FS_3	12%
CIFS_FS_4	8%
SP_FS_1	54%
EXCH_FS_1	13%

*Over **50**% of sensitive information resides on one file server: SP_FS_1 Over **150 million files** contain sensitive data (150,534,645)

9,213,456 sensitive files are open to Global Group Access

Sensitive Data

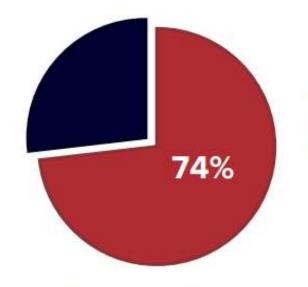
Many files contain critical information about employees, customers, projects, clients, or other business-sensitive content. This data is often subject to industry regulation, such as SOX, HIPAA, PCI, EU GDPR, GLB, and more.

When global access groups grant access to sensitive and critical data, there is significant risk to the business.

These instances must be identified and remediated so that only the appropriate users retain access to this sensitive, regulated data – keeping sensitive data secure, and meeting regulatory compliance.

Global Access

- Which data is open to everyone?
- Which data is open to everyone and is also sensitive?



Distribution of global group access

CIFS_FS_2	11%
CIFS_FS_3	7%
CIFS_FS_4	20%
SP_FS_1	44%
EXCH_FS_1	18%

Over **66.5** million folders with global group access

66,502,975 of 90,348,156

Global Group Access

These include groups such as Everyone, Domain Users, and Authenticated Users.

Global access groups will allow anyone within an organization to access data with these access controls.

Data should generally never be accessible to global access groups like Everyone, Domain Users, or Authenticated Users. Data that is open to everyone is most vulnerable and at-risk for loss, theft or misuse.

Built to Scale

City of San Diego protects 5 petabytes of data across
 24 networks

Financial with 534 million events/day on NAS cluster

Insurance Co. with thousands of file servers monitored

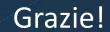
Aerospace company with dozens of remote sites and domains





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